ADVERBS (USE THE ADVERBS)

Adverbs modify the meaning or tell more about verbs/adjectives/other adverbs they are called adverbs because they add something to the meaning of action or express specific details of the words they modify many adverbs end in –ly. They usually reveal how/when/where an action takes place.

Example: 1) The old man walked the road <u>quickly.</u>

2) Ben left the school <u>early.</u>

3) Some girls played <u>here.</u>

4) Emma is <u>quite</u> happy at home.

5) He drove his bike very <u>slowly.</u>

Identify the correct word (adverb) that suits well from the choices given for each sentence and write the same on the line given.

Example:

Tina makes a beautiful kite <u>neatly</u> . (neatly / sadly)

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1) The children watched the cartoon show <u>closely</u>. (angrily / closely)

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2) Let's dance <u>merrily</u> in the party. (merry / merrily)

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3) I <u>never</u> eat a rotten egg. (never / always)

EDUBUZZ KIDS